OKLAHOMA TAX COMMISSION

REVENUE IMPACT STATEMENT FIRST REGULAR SESSION, FIFTY-NINTH OKLAHOMA LEGISLATURE

DATE OF IMPACT STATEMENT:

January 31, 2023

BILL NUMBER: SB 1083 STATUS AND DATE OF BILL: Introduced 1/19/23

AUTHORS: House

n/a Senate

Jett

TAX TYPE (S): Income Tax SUBJECT: Credit

PROPOSAL: New Law

SB 1083 proposes to enact new income tax credits for educational choice expenses and for qualifying educational expenses incurred for a qualified dependent, effective for tax year 2024 and subsequent tax years. The maximum credit allowable for each taxable year is \$2,500 for each qualifying dependent, and any excess credit may be carried over to two subsequent tax years.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 1, 2023

REVENUE IMPACT:

Insert dollar amount (plus or minus) of the expected change in state revenues due to this proposed legislation.

FY 24: Unknown decrease in income tax revenue.

FY 25: Estimated decrease of \$460.1 million in income tax revenue.

bf

2/6/2023

2/7/2023

Joseph P Gappa

DATE

FOR THE COMMISSION

The revenue impact provided herein is an estimate of the potential impact on the collection or apportionment of tax revenues affected by the proposed legislation. It is not intended to be an estimate of the overall fiscal impact on the state budget if the proposed legislation is enacted.

ATTACHMENT TO REVENUE IMPACT - SB 1083 [Introduced] Prepared 1/31/23

SB 1083 proposes to enact a new income tax credit for educational choice expenses incurred during the tax year for taxpayers with a child who is eligible to be enrolled in a public school in Oklahoma, qualifies as the taxpayer's dependent for federal tax purposes, and is enrolled in a public, charter, private school, or private educational program that can be used to satisfy the state's compulsory school attendance requirements that is not affiliated with the student's resident district, as determined by 70 O.S. §§ 1-113. In addition, a new income tax credit is proposed for qualifying educational expenses incurred during the tax year for any taxpayer that has a child who qualifies as the taxpayer's dependent for federal tax purposes and is eligible to be enrolled in a public school in Oklahoma. Effective for tax year 2024 and subsequent tax years, the maximum credit allowable for each taxable year is \$2,500 for each qualifying dependent, and any excess credit may be carried over to two subsequent tax years. Amounts claimed may not be itemized as deductions for the same tax year when computing Oklahoma taxable income.

The OTC may require a taxpayer to submit with the tax return copies of such receipts or similar financial documentation as may be necessary to confirm the taxpayer's statement of the allowable credit. No school or other educational organization will be required to provide documentation or otherwise act to verify eligibility for the proposed credits.

The following definitions are provided:

- "Academic instruction" means instruction in reading, writing, mathematics, science, history, art, music, geography, civics, economics, literature, philosophy, religion, foreign languages, and related subjects;
- "Close relative" refers to a person's children, grandchildren, mother, father, brothers, sisters, aunts, or uncles whether by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- "Educational choice expenses" means tuition and fees for enrollment of the child in a school or a private educational program not affiliated with the public school district in which the taxpayer' primary residence is located; and
- "Qualifying educational expenses" include:
 - Tuition and fees for concurrent enrollment for a student who meets the requirements described in 70 O.S. § 628.13,
 - o Tuition and other instructional fees charged by a qualified school,
 - Costs associated with activities at a qualified school, including the cost of fees, clothing, and equipment required to participate in athletic teams, musical groups, clubs, or similar school activities,
 - Tuition and other instructional fees charged or tutoring, private instruction, or remedial education services for the purposes of instruction and not provided by a close relative,
 - Costs associated with the provision of instruction by other means in prekindergarten through grade twelve directed by the parent or guardian, including the cost of computer equipment, software, online instruction, cooperative educational programs, textbooks, workbooks, curricula, and other written materials used primarily for academic instruction, and

- o Costs associated with activities comparable to costs associated with activities at a qualified school for a student being educated by other means in prekindergarten through grade twelve directed by the parent or guardian.
- "Qualified school" means either a public elementary or secondary school or a private educational program that can be used to satisfy the state's compulsory school attendance requirements.

The Oklahoma Department of Education's Oklahoma Public Schools Fast Facts 2021-22 indicate 698,696 qualifying students enrolled in public schools. For this analysis, qualifying educational expenses incurred by a family are assumed to be approximately \$500 per public school student per year.

According to the Private School Review, there are 207 private schools in Oklahoma serving 37,688 students for the 2023 school year.² The average private tuition is \$6,576 for elementary schools and \$7,620 for high schools. The number of families with one or more qualifying students enrolled in a private school is unknown, however, it is expected that each family would be eligible to claim the full annual credit amount of \$2,500 per student.

Information published by the United States Census Bureau further indicates that an additional 33,096 qualifying students learned on their own using materials that were not provided by their school during the period December 9 - 19, 2022.3 For this analysis, qualifying educational expenses incurred by a family are assumed to be approximately \$500 per homeschooled student per year.

IRS Tax Statistics for Oklahoma for tax year 2020 indicate the child and other dependent tax credit was claimed on 456,070 returns.4 Using the available information, estimated credit amounts for qualifying educational expenses were calculated as follows:

Institution	Students	% of Total Students	Estimated Number of Returns	Estimated Number of Students Per Return	Estimated Credit Per Return	Estimated Credit Amount
Public School	698,696	91%	414,116	1.69	\$ 843.60	\$ 349,348,000.00
Private School	37,688	5%	22,338	1.69	\$4,217.99	\$ 94,220,000.00
Homeschool	33,096	4%	19,616	1.69	\$ 843.60	\$ 16,548,000.00
Totals	769,480		456,070			\$ 460,116,000.00

Based on these estimates, the potential revenue impact of the proposal is a decrease in income tax revenue of approximately \$460.1 million for FY 25 when the 2024 returns are filed. In addition, an unknown decrease in withheld income tax may be expected for FY 24.

See https://sde.ok.gov/sites/default/files/documents/files/Fast%20Facts%202021-22_Sept.pdf.

https://www.privateschoolreview.com/oklahoma#;-:text=For%20the%202023%20school%20year.the%20national%20a verage%20of%2010%25.

³ See Table 3. Learning Formats in the Last 7 Days for Children in Public or Private School, by Select Characteristics at https://www.census.gov/data/tables/2023/demo/hhp/hhp52.html.

See Tax Year 2020: Historic Table 2 for Oklahoma at https://www.irs.gov/statistics/sol-tax-stats-historic-table-2.